The Design and Construction of Deadlock-Free Concurrent Systems

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Abstract The Design and Construction of Deadlock-Free Concurrent Systems Jeremy Martin

It is a difficult task to produce software which is guaranteed never to fail, but it is a vital goal for which to strive in many real-life situations. The problem is especially complex in the field of parallel programming, where there are extra things that can go wrong. A particularly serious problem is deadlock. Here we consider how to construct systems which are guaranteed deadlock-free by design.

Design rules, old and new, which eliminate deadlock are catalogued, and their theoretical foundation illuminated. Then the development of a software engineering tool is described which proves deadlock-freedom by verifying adherence to these methods. Use of this tool is illustrated with several case studies.

The thesis concludes with a discussion of related issues of parallel program reliability.

Acknowledgements

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I am very grateful to my sister, Clare, who originally suggested to me the idea of studying for a doctorate and put me in touch with my supervisors. She also provided me with much useful background material. The University of Buckingham has proved a very pleasant environment where to work, with excellent facilities. I must also thank my employers, Oxford University Computing Services, for giving me time off to study.

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This thesis is dedicated, with love, to the memory of Phyllis Amy Martin, 1906 – 1994.

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Declaration

I would like to draw attention to the following material contained within this thesis which I believe to be original.

Chapter 2: Theorems 7 and 9 are new results which generalise a theorem of A. W. Roscoe and N. Dathi and several theorems of P. H. Welch. Theorem 7 forms part of a joint publication:

J. Martin, I.East and S. Jassim *Design Rules for Deadlock-Freedom*, Transputer Communications, September 1994.

The definition of the Client-Server Protocol, and the results which follow, are a new formal adaptation of informal ideas due to Welch, G. R. R. Justo and C. J. Willcock. The Extended Resource Allocation Protocol (rule 11) is also new.

Chapter 3: Apart from the section which describes the normalisation of transition systems, this chapter is based entirely on original work.

Chapter 4: The first two case studies considered are original implementations of existing algorithms. The third is an original analysis of a published algorithm which reveals a deficiency and proposes a solution to this problem.

To the best of my knowledge, none of this material has ever previously been submitted for a degree in this or any other university.

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