

Relating and Visualising CSP, VCR and Structural Traces

Neil Brown¹ Marc Smith²

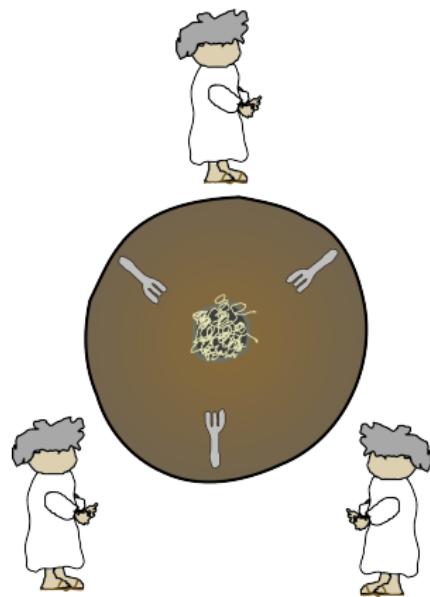
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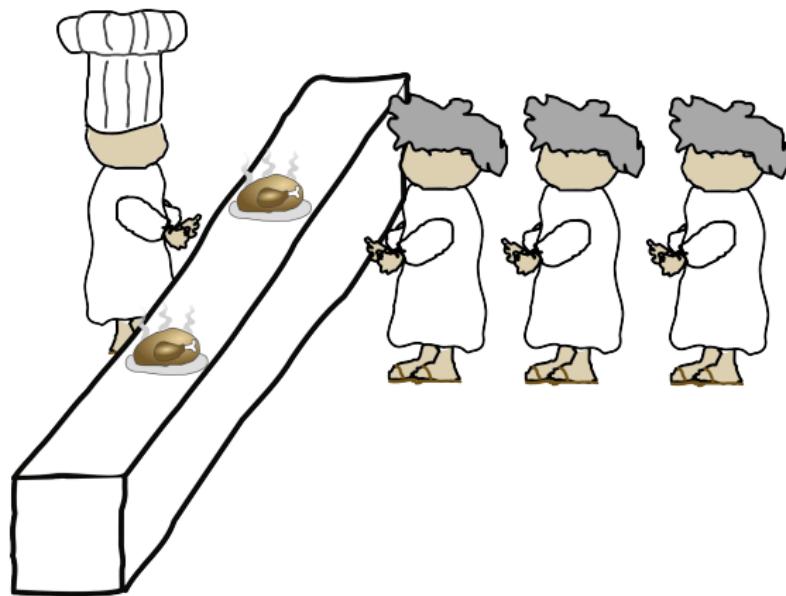
2 November 2009



Dining Philosophers



Starving Dining Philosophers



Visualization: Strings and Beads

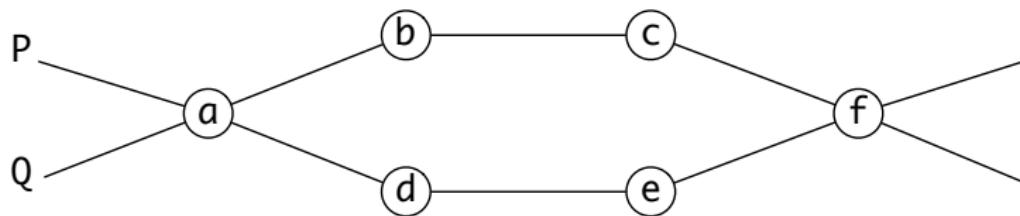
Consider the CSP system:

$$P \parallel_{\{a,f\}} Q$$

where

$$P = a \rightarrow b \rightarrow c \rightarrow f \rightarrow \text{SKIP}$$

$$Q = a \rightarrow d \rightarrow e \rightarrow f \rightarrow \text{SKIP}$$



Visualization: Strings and Beads

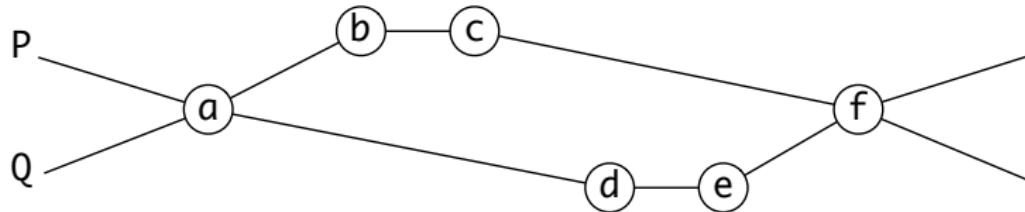
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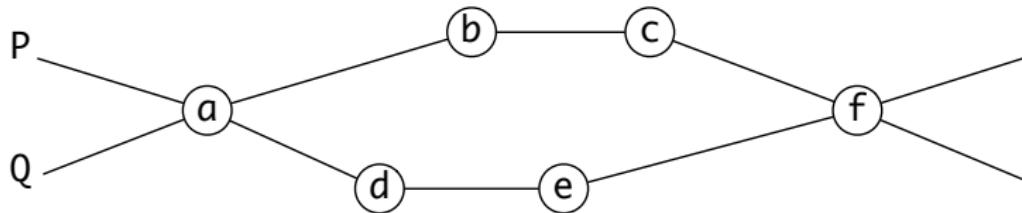
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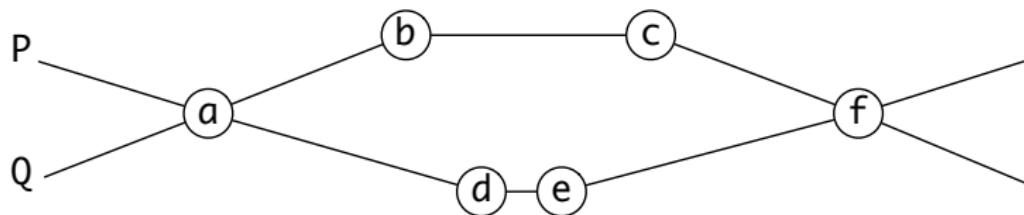
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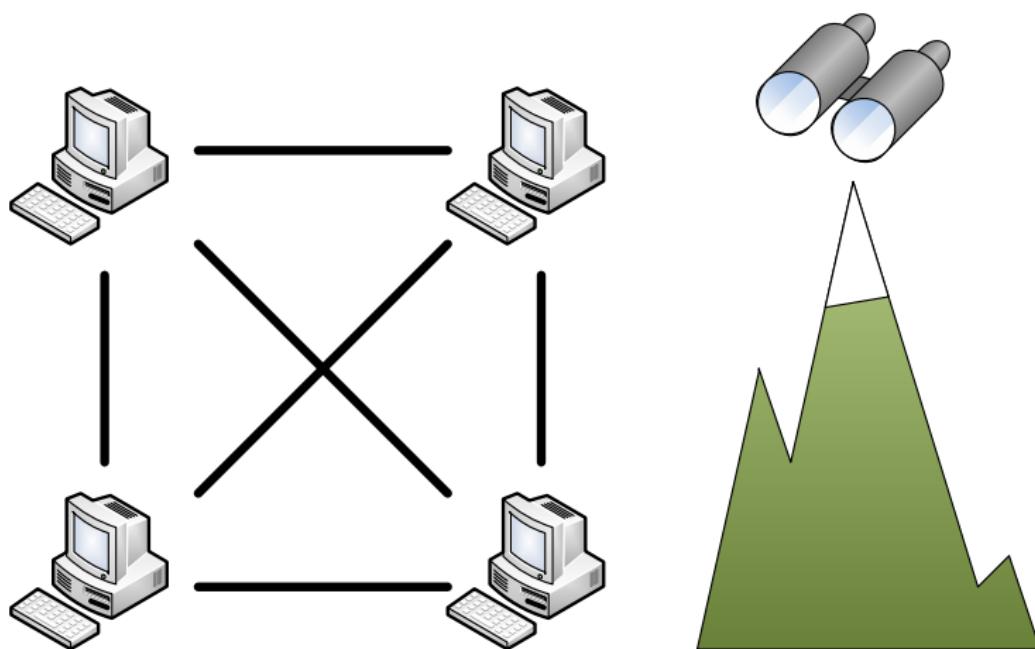
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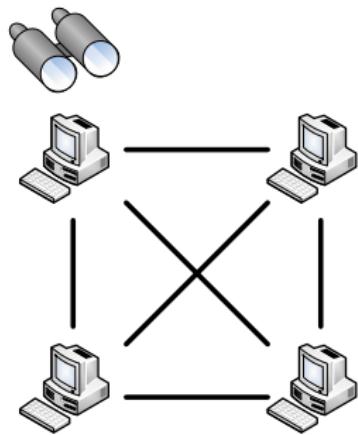
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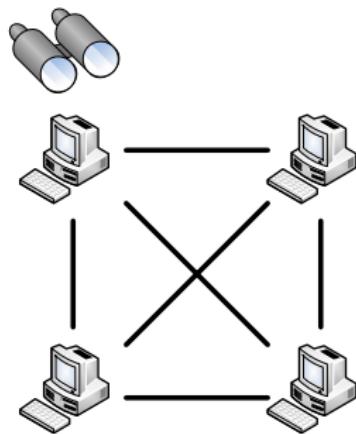
CSP Observer



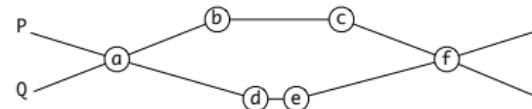
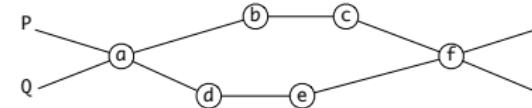
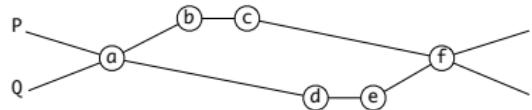
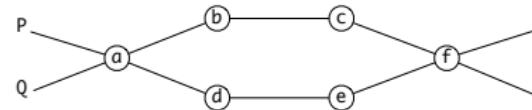
CSP Observer



CSP Observer



$\langle a, b, c, d, e, f \rangle$
 $\langle a, d, b, c, e, f \rangle$

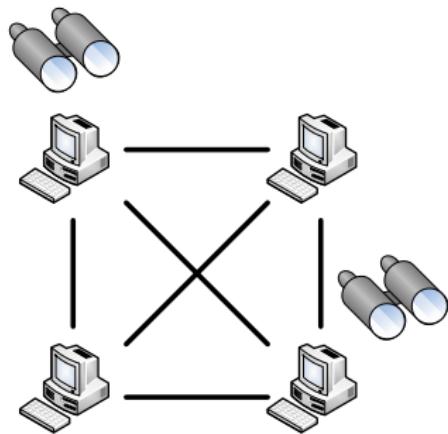


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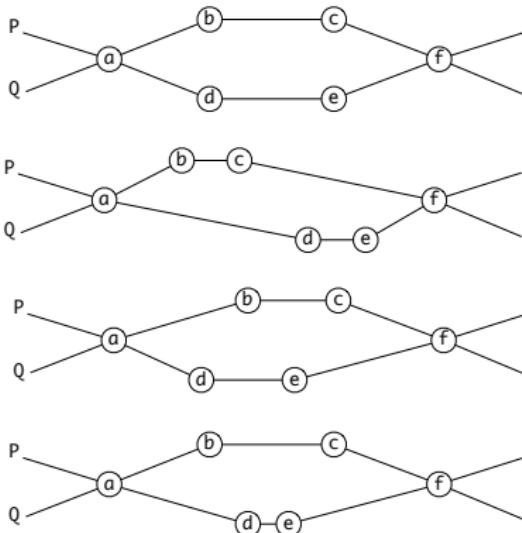
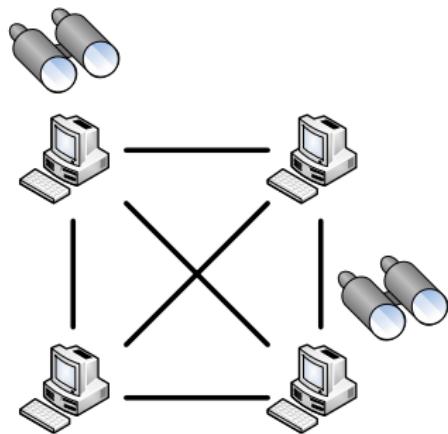
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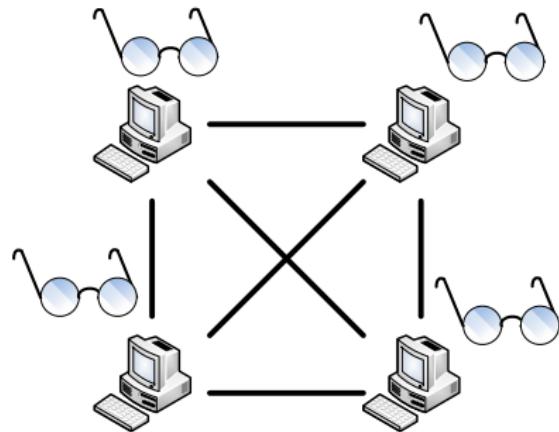
VCR Observer(s)



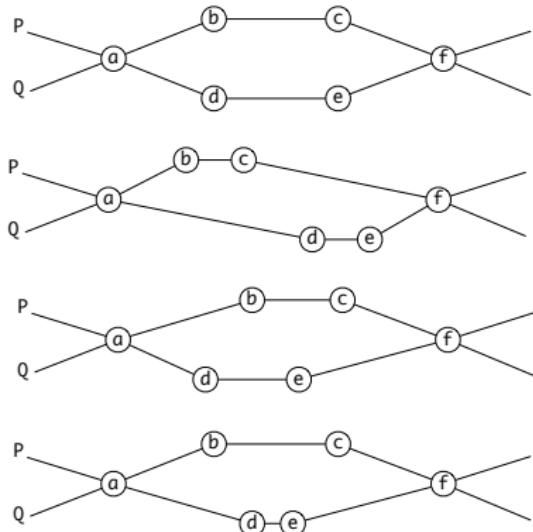
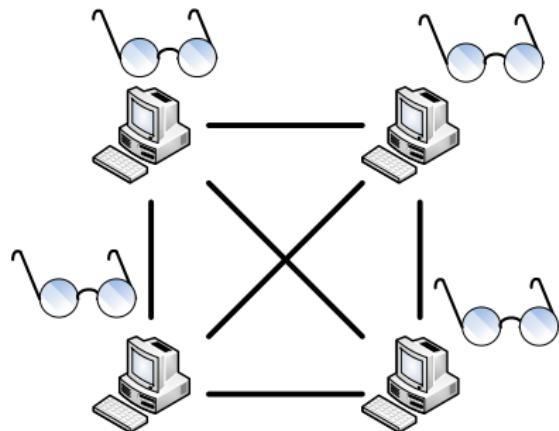
VCR Observer(s)


 $\langle \{a\}, \{b, d\}, \{c, e\}, \{f\} \rangle$
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 $\langle \{a\}, \{b\}, \{c, d\}, \{e\}, \{f\} \rangle$


Structural Observers



Structural Observers



$$(a \rightarrow b \rightarrow c \rightarrow f) \parallel (a \rightarrow d \rightarrow e \rightarrow f)$$


Traces

Three types of traces:

1 CSP traces

- A sequence of individual events, recorded by the observer; events observed simultaneously are interleaved
- abstracts away time and space

2 VCR Traces

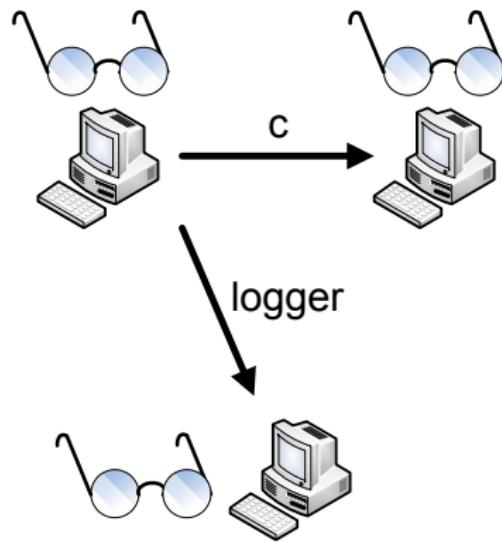
- A sequence of event multisets; multiple observers account for different views
- preserves time independence; abstracts away space

3 Structural Traces

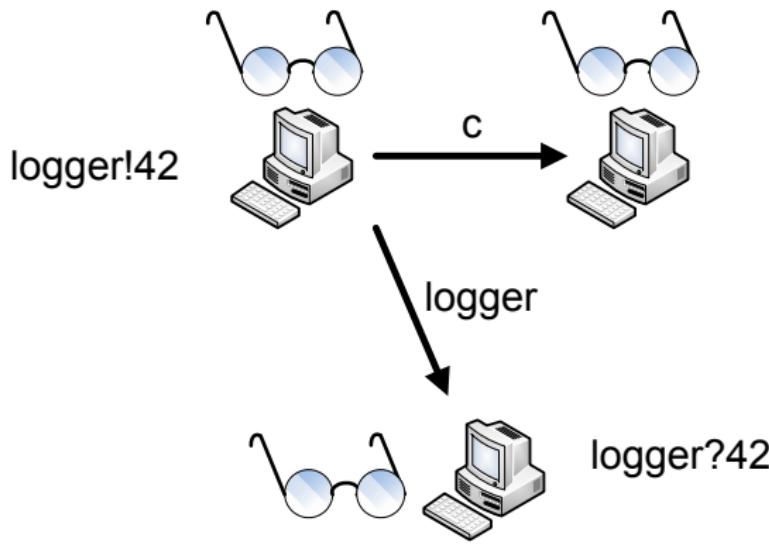
- Sequential and parallel composition of the trace reflects the program's structure
- preserves time independence and space



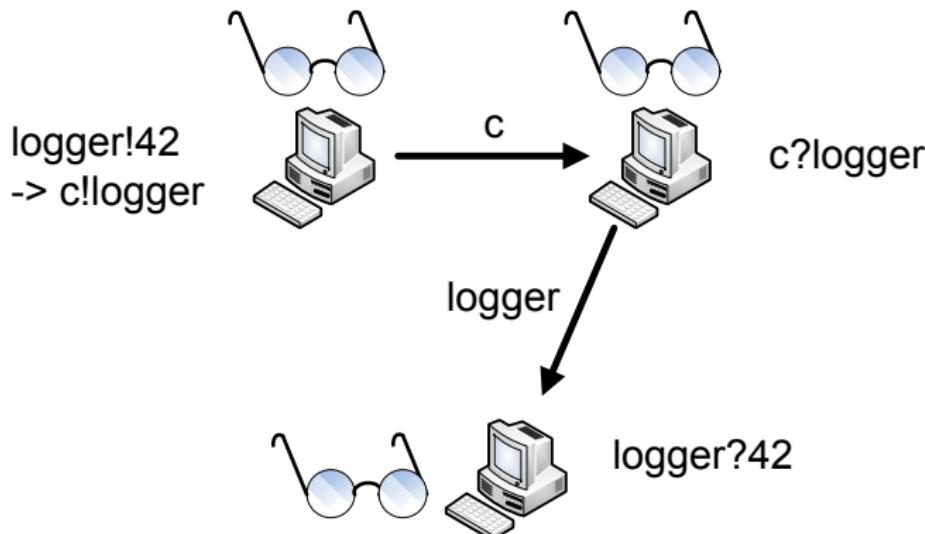
Space and Mobility



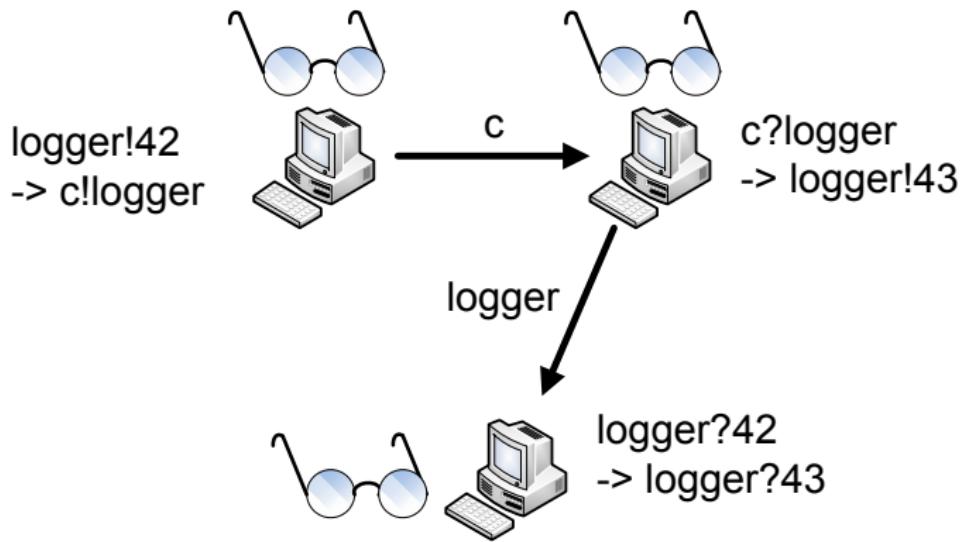
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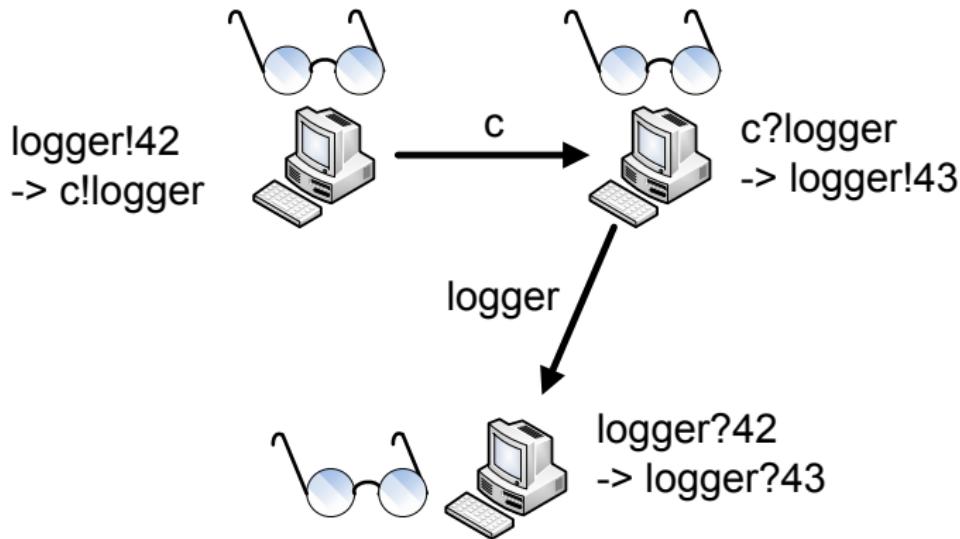
Space and Mobility



Space and Mobility



Space and Mobility


$$(logger!42 \rightarrow c!logger) \parallel (c?logger \rightarrow logger!43) \\ \parallel (logger?42 \rightarrow logger?43)$$


Conversion Example

CSP:

$$P = (AB \circ AB) \parallel_{\{b\}} (b \rightarrow b \rightarrow \text{SKIP})$$

where $AB = (a \rightarrow \text{SKIP}) ||| (b \rightarrow \text{SKIP})$



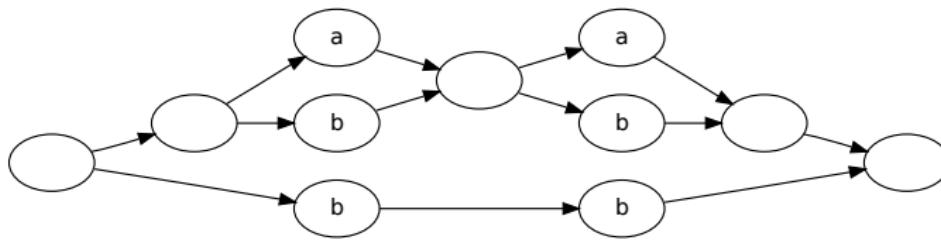
Conversion Example

CSP:

$$P = (AB \xrightarrow{a} AB) \underset{\{b\}}{\parallel} (b \rightarrow b \rightarrow \text{SKIP})$$

$$\text{where } AB = (a \rightarrow \text{SKIP}) \parallel\parallel (b \rightarrow \text{SKIP})$$

Structural Trace Visualisation:



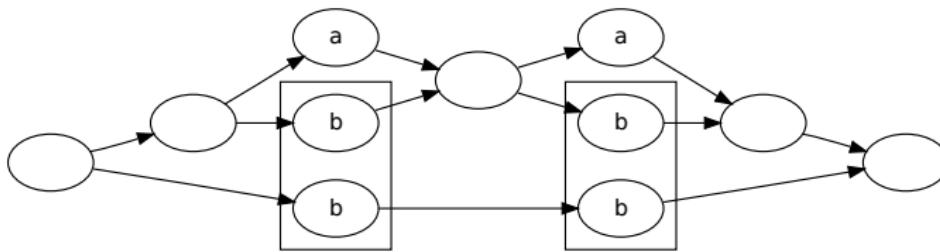
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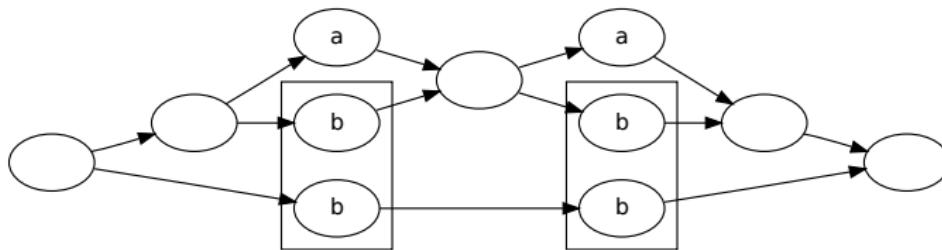
$$\text{where } AB = (a \rightarrow \text{SKIP}) \parallel (b \rightarrow \text{SKIP})$$

Structural Trace Conversion Algorithm:

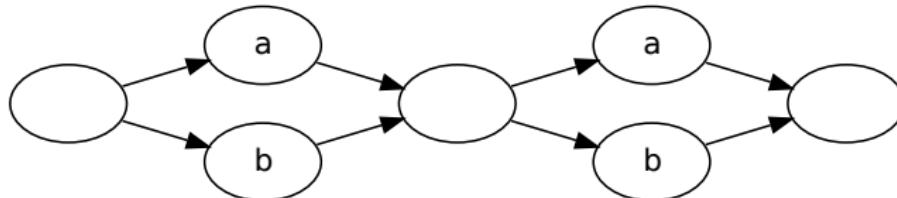


Conversion Example

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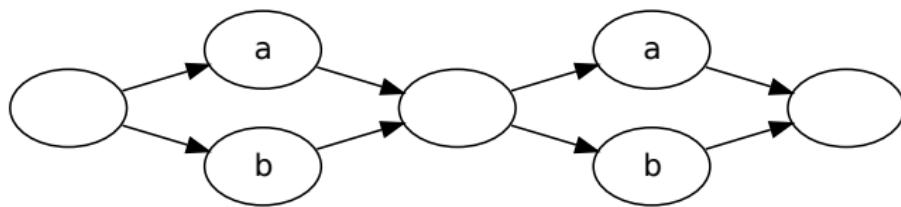


VCR Trace Visualisation:



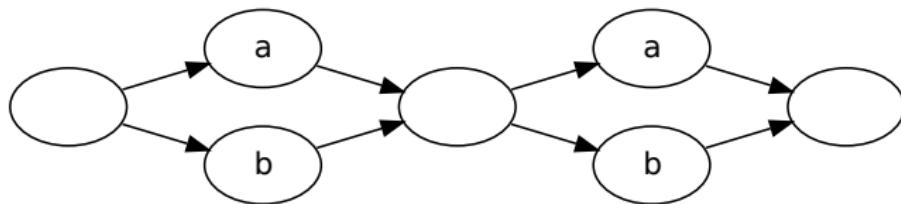
Conversion Example

VCR Trace Visualisation:



Conversion Example

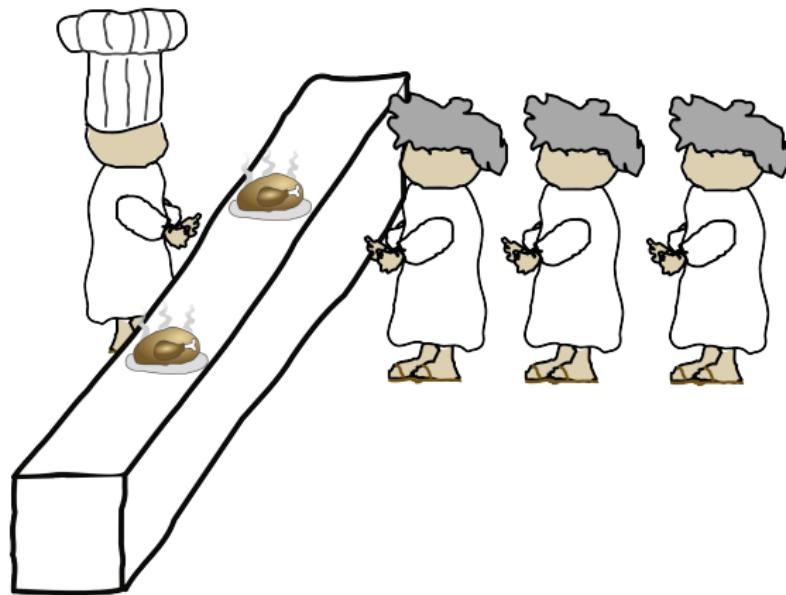
VCR Trace Visualisation:



CSP Trace Visualisation:



Starving CHP Philosophers



Starving CHP Philosophers Trace

philosopher eatChicken = forever (syncBarrier eatChicken)

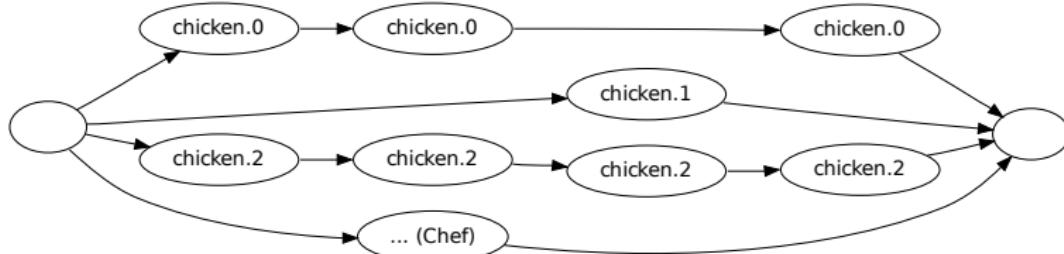
chef a b c = forever ((syncBarrier a <&> syncBarrier b)
 <-> (syncBarrier b <&> syncBarrier c)
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Starving CHP Philosophers Trace

philosopher eatChicken = forever (syncBarrier eatChicken)

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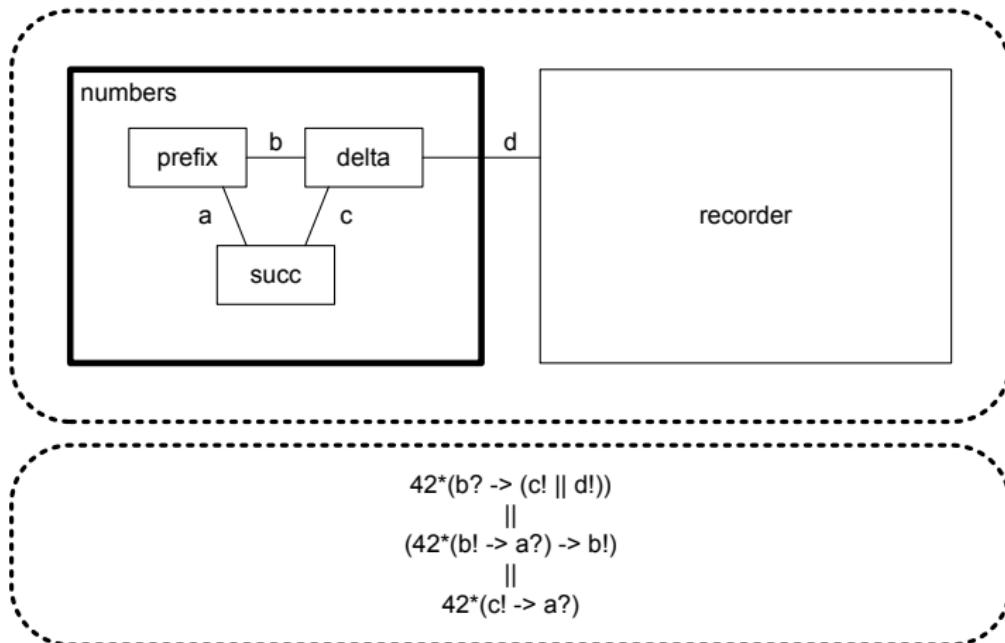


Summary

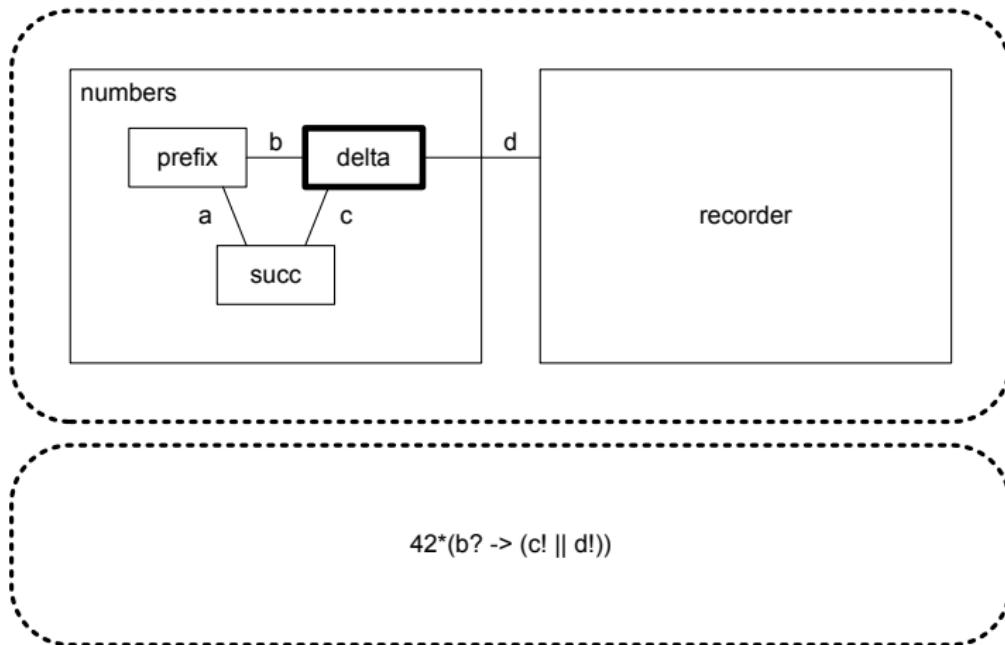
- Traces are useful for diagnostics and observing run-time behaviour
- Structural traces
 - Most straightforward and efficient to record
 - Useful for observing mobility
- Conversion algorithms
 - One Structural trace converts to many VCR traces
 - One VCR trace converts to many CSP traces
- Visualisation
 - Graphs to represent CSP, VCR and Structural traces
 - Tool support will be beneficial



Tools to Explore Traces



Tools to Explore Traces



Challenge: Structural traces and UTP

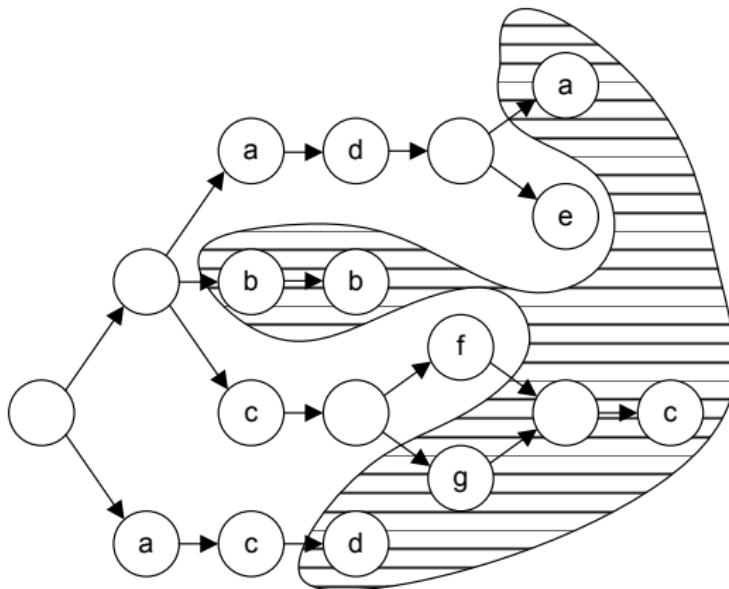


Figure: Concatenation, quotient and healthiness conditions



Questions?

- Practical demo of traces for testing – tonight at the fringe

