

# The Guppy Language: An Update

## CPA-2013 Fringe

Fred Barnes

School of Computing, University of Kent, Canterbury

`F.R.M.Barnes@kent.ac.uk`

`http://www.cs.kent.ac.uk/~frmb/`

# Last Time ...

- ... at **CPA-2011**.
  - I talked about a possible successor language to occam-pi: **Guppy**.
  - we're still trying to think up a better name...!
- We're still using occam-pi, of course.
  - adding **new things** and **fixing bugs** as we go.
- Why..?
  - occam-pi is a bolt-on (kind of) to occam: and built into the **existing occam compiler** (circa 1990s).
  - hard to add **new things**.
  - perception issues with the name, too. :-)

# Last Time ...

- ... at **CPA-2011**.
  - I talked about a possible successor language to occam-pi: **Guppy**.
  - we're still trying to think up a better name...!
- We're still using occam-pi, of course.
  - adding **new things** and **fixing bugs** as we go.
- Why..?
  - occam-pi is a bolt-on (kind of) to occam: and built into the **existing occam compiler** (circa 1990s).
  - hard to add **new things**.
  - perception issues with the name, too. :-)

# Last Time ...

- ... at **CPA-2011**.
  - I talked about a possible successor language to occam-pi: **Guppy**.
  - we're still trying to think up a better name...!
- We're still using occam-pi, of course.
  - adding **new things** and **fixing bugs** as we go.
- Why..?
  - occam-pi is a bolt-on (kind of) to occam: and built into the **existing occam compiler** (circa 1990s).
  - hard to add **new** things.
  - perception issues with the name, too. :-)

# What We Need ... (last time)

- Preserving the **useful features** of occam/occam-pi:
  - embodiment of CSP based concurrency (though may not restrict to that alone) in the language itself.
  - strict parallel usage checks: zero aliasing.
- Preserving the **fast execution** of the resulting code:
  - no heavy run-time checks (e.g. expensive run-time typing, complex garbage collection).
  - using existing CCSP.
- Targetable at just about **any architecture** in existence:
  - by compiling (ultimately) to LLVM (low-level virtual machine).

# What We Would Like ... (last time)

- A language that other people would be **happy to** (and may even **want to**) use:
  - successes of Python and Go suggest indentation-based layout and concurrency are not distasteful.
- **Rapid development** – nothing overly cumbersome to program with respect to other languages:
  - need some genericity/flexibility in the type system
  - automatic 'SEQ' behaviour (static checks can spot likely errors)
  - may need to sacrifice some of the purity of occam to make this work..
- **Automatic mobility** (largely a compiler thing), with a couple of language hints thrown in to help the compiler when automatic static analysis gets too complex (or wrong).
- A proper 'string' type with Unicode support.

# Current State

- Have implemented **some** of the language.
  - in the **NOCC** compiler framework (which also grew an AVR assembler recently).
- Currently generating **C code** from Guppy sources:
  - a known quantity when it comes to debugging, etc.
  - interfaces with the existing run-time system (CCSP [1]) using CIF [2].
- Recently, managed to compile and run the **commstime** benchmark!
  - ... insert live demonstration ...

# Current State

- Have implemented **some** of the language.
  - in the **NOCC** compiler framework (which also grew an AVR assembler recently).
- Currently generating **C code** from Guppy sources:
  - a known quantity when it comes to debugging, etc.
  - interfaces with the existing run-time system (CCSP [1]) using CIF [2].
- Recently, managed to compile and run the **commstime** benchmark!
  - ... insert live demonstration ...



# Current State

- Have implemented **some** of the language.
  - in the **NOCC** compiler framework (which also grew an AVR assembler recently).
- Currently generating **C code** from Guppy sources:
  - a known quantity when it comes to debugging, etc.
  - interfaces with the existing run-time system (CCSP [1]) using CIF [2].
- Recently, managed to compile and run the **commstime** benchmark!
  - ... **insert live demonstration** ...

# Comparison with occam-pi

- Not as efficient, but close.
  - run-time kernel calls impose some overhead: optimised for occam-pi.
  - more memory required, e.g. commstime: 132 words for occam-pi, 434 for Guppy.
  - commstime is perhaps not a good benchmark, but not got enough compiler support for hard-core computational code yet!
- Because we go via CIF into the run-time, can (in principle) co-exist with occam-pi processes.
  - useful in various ways.
- Get it here:
  - `http://github.com/concurrency/kroc`
  - `http://github.com/concurrency/nocc`(and then you have to figure out how to make it fly, ...)

Questions?



# References

- [1] C.G. Ritson, A.T. Sampson, and F.R.M. Barnes.  
**Multicore scheduling for lightweight communicating processes.**  
*Science of Computer Programming*, 77(6):727–740, June 2012.
- [2] F.R.M. Barnes.  
**Interfacing C and occam-pi.**  
In J.F. Broenink, H.W. Roebbers, J.P.E. Sunter, P.H. Welch, and D.C. Wood, editors, *Proceedings of Communicating Process Architectures 2005*. IOS Press, September 2005.